

GEOMETRIC SEQUENCE AND SERIES WORKSHEET

The **common ratio** of a sequence is the common multiplier.

The general term of a geometric sequence is given by $a_n = a_1 r^{n-1}$ where a_1 is the **first term** and r is the **common ratio**.

The sum of the first n terms of a geometric series is given by $S_n = \frac{a_1(1-r^n)}{r-1}$.

Determine whether each sequence is a geometric sequence. If so, identify the common ratio, r, and give the next three terms.

1. 3, 6, 12, 24, ...

2. 2, 6, 18, 54, ...

3. 9, 3, 1, $\frac{1}{3}$,...

4. 2, 4, 6, 8, ...

5. 1, -4, 16, -64,...

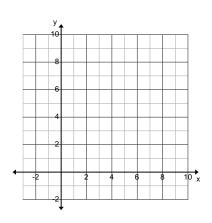
6. 2, 3, 4.5, 6.75,...

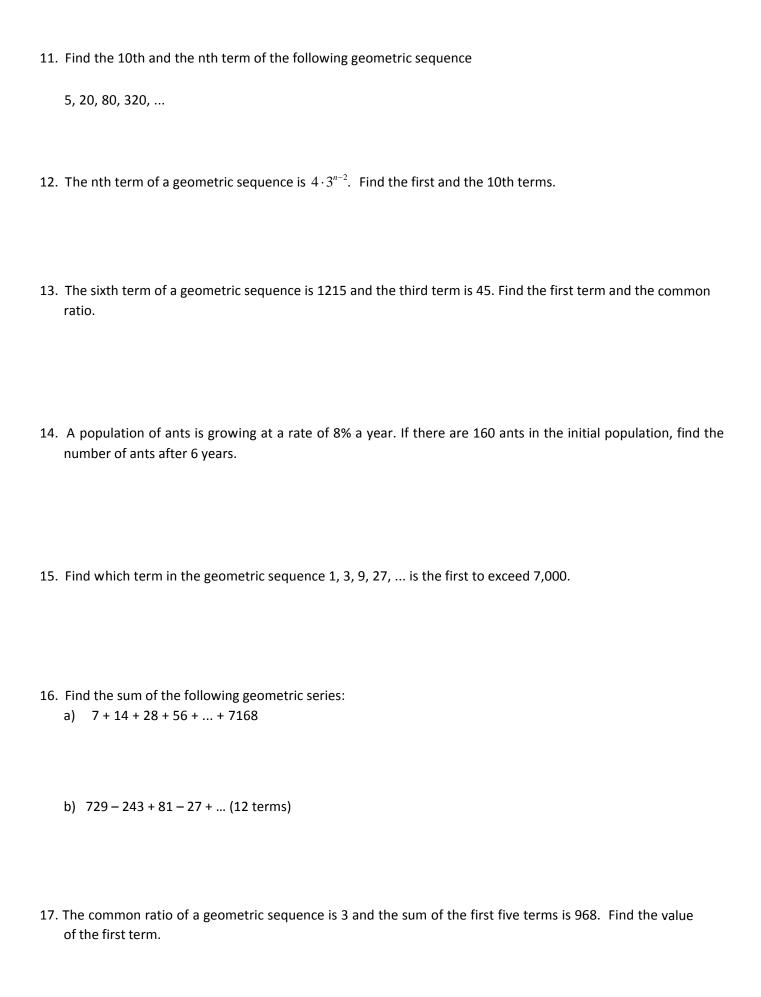
7. 10, 2, $\frac{2}{5}$, $\frac{2}{25}$,...

8. 6, 42, 294,...

- 9. 16, 20, 25, 31.25,...
- 10. Graph the sequence in #6 on the graph provided.

How are the graphs of geometric sequences different from arithmetic sequences?





18.	You have won a contest sponsored by a local radio station. If you are given the choice of the two payment plans listed below, which plan will pay you more? How much more?
	a) \$1 on the first day, \$2 on the second day, \$3 on the third day, etc., for two weeks.
	b) \$0.01 on the first day, \$0.02 on the second day, \$0.04 on the third day, etc. for two weeks.
19.	A culture of bacteria doubles every two hours. If there are 500 bacteria at the beginning, how many bacteria will there be after 24 hours?
20.	Once a week Mrs. Baker makes sugar cookies. The first week she makes the recipe, she uses the full 2
	cups of sugar called for. Each week after that, she reduces the amount of sugar by one third. a. How much sugar does she use for the cookies on the fifth week?
	b. How much sugar does she use for cookies in a six month period (half a year)?
21	Derive the sum of the geometric series.
	betwee the sam of the geometric series.