

### SAMPLE ITEMS

1. Which information is needed to show that a parallelogram is a rectangle?

- A. The diagonals bisect each other.
- B. The diagonals are congruent.
- C. The diagonals are congruent and perpendicular.
- D. The diagonals bisect each other and are perpendicular.

**Correct Answer:** B

2. Which point is on a circle with a center of  $(3, -9)$  and a radius of 5?

- A.  $(-6, 5)$
- B.  $(-1, 6)$
- C.  $(1, 6)$
- D.  $(6, -5)$

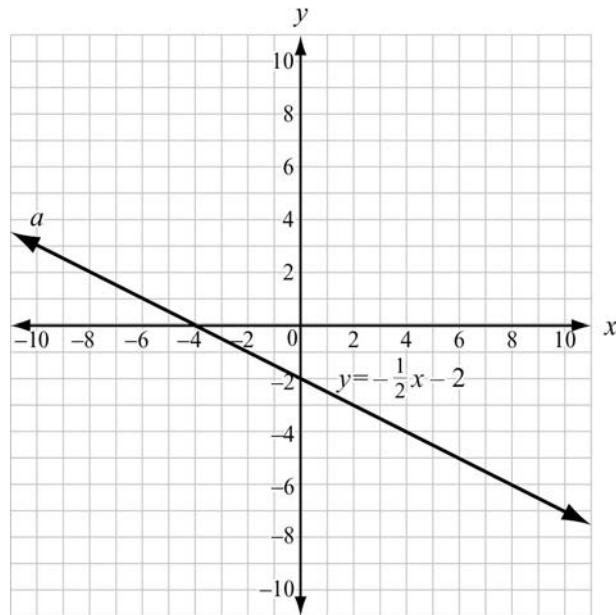
**Correct Answer:** D

3. Given the points  $P(2, -1)$  and  $Q(-9, -6)$ , what are the coordinates of the point on directed line segment  $\overline{PQ}$  that partitions  $\overline{PQ}$  in the ratio  $\frac{3}{2}$ ?

- A.  $\left(-\frac{23}{5}, -4\right)$
- B.  $\left(-\frac{12}{5}, -3\right)$
- C.  $\left(\frac{5}{3}, \frac{8}{3}\right)$
- D.  $\left(-\frac{5}{3}, -\frac{8}{3}\right)$

**Correct Answer:** A

4. An equation of line  $a$  is  $y = -\frac{1}{2}x - 2$ .

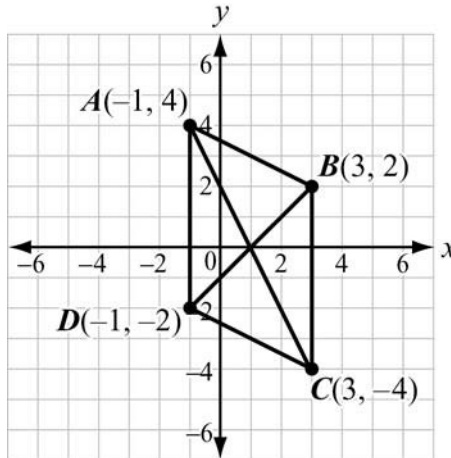


Which is an equation of the line that is perpendicular to line  $a$  and passes through the point  $(-4, 0)$ ?

- A.  $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 2$
- B.  $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 8$
- C.  $y = 2x - 2$
- D.  $y = 2x + 8$

**Correct Answer:** D

5. Parallelogram  $ABCD$  has vertices as shown.

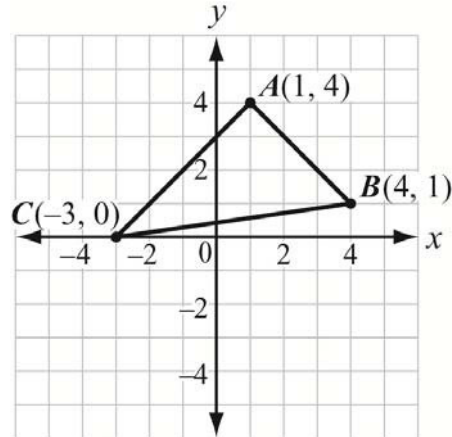


Which equation would be used in proving that the diagonals of parallelogram  $ABCD$  bisect each other?

- A.  $\sqrt{(3-1)^2 + (2-0)^2} = \sqrt{(1-3)^2 + (0+4)^2}$
- B.  $\sqrt{(3+1)^2 + (2+0)^2} = \sqrt{(1+3)^2 + (0-4)^2}$
- C.  $\sqrt{(-1-1)^2 + (4-0)^2} = \sqrt{(1-3)^2 + (0+4)^2}$
- D.  $\sqrt{(-1+1)^2 + (4+0)^2} = \sqrt{(1+3)^2 + (0-4)^2}$

**Correct Answer: C**

6. Triangle  $ABC$  has vertices as shown.



What is the area of the triangle?

- A.  $\sqrt{72}$  square units
- B. 12 square units
- C.  $\sqrt{288}$  square units
- D. 24 square units

**Correct Answer:** B