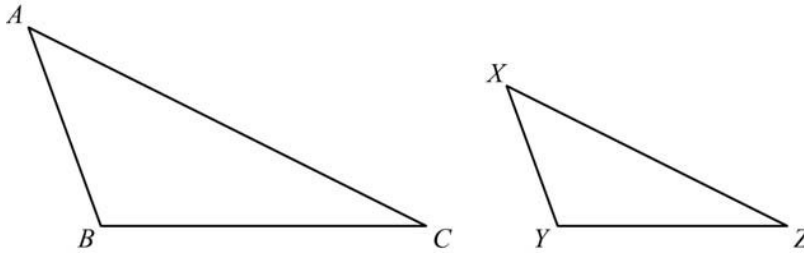


SAMPLE ITEMS

1. In the triangles shown, $\triangle ABC$ is dilated by a factor of $\frac{2}{3}$ to form $\triangle XYZ$.

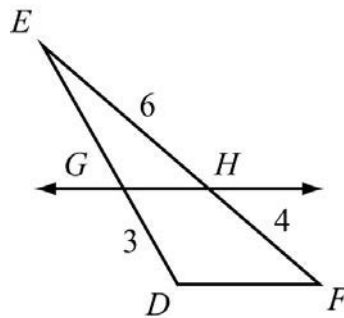


Given that $m\angle A = 50^\circ$ and $m\angle B = 100^\circ$, what is $m\angle Z$?

- A. 15°
- B. 25°
- C. 30°
- D. 50°

Correct Answer: C

2. In the triangle shown, $\overline{GH} \parallel \overline{DF}$.

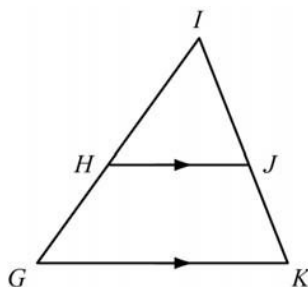


What is the length of \overline{GE} ?

- A. 2.0
- B. 4.5
- C. 7.5
- D. 8.0

Correct Answer: B

3. Use this triangle to answer the question.



This is a proof of the statement “If a line is parallel to one side of a triangle and intersects the other two sides at distinct points, then it separates these sides into segments of proportional lengths.”

| Step | Statement | Justification |
|------|--|--|
| 1 | \overline{GK} is parallel to \overline{HJ} . | Given |
| 2 | $\angle HGK \cong \angle IHJ$ $\angle IKG \cong \angle IJH$ | ? |
| 3 | $\triangle GIK \sim \triangle HIJ$ | AA Similarity |
| 4 | $\frac{IG}{IH} = \frac{IK}{IJ}$ | Corresponding sides of similar triangles are proportional. |
| 5 | $\frac{HG + IH}{IH} = \frac{JK + IJ}{IJ}$ | Segment Addition Postulate |
| 6 | $\frac{HG}{IH} = \frac{JK}{IJ}$ | Subtraction Property of Equality |

Which reason justifies Step 2?

- A. Alternate interior angles are congruent.
- B. Alternate exterior angles are congruent.
- C. Corresponding angles are congruent.
- D. Vertical angles are congruent.

Correct Answer: C